



Welcome





Technical Assurance

Meet the team



Developer, SLP & NAV Services Manager Graham Morley

Developer Relationship Manager Samantha Mottram

Development Investment
Manager
Eugene Mooney

Water Technical Manager Teresa Helm

Wastewater Technical Manager Matt Watson

Wastewater Technical Manager Stuart Edwards

Development Connections
Manager
Carol Edge

















Easy to do business with

Knowing our customers

Who are our customers and what services they need from us?



Accountability and Ownership

One name, one owner, single point of contact.



Listen and learn

Gather feedback through channels and act on it.



Service levels

Quicker responses. Reduce the end to end time.



Application forms and guidance

Accessible, easy, no jargon, personal.



Improving our website services

Accessible, easy, no jargon.







Codes for Adoption – Wastewater

- 1. What we've been doing
- 2. Pre-Application
- 3. Stages in the process
- 4. What does it mean for you?
- 5. Transition
- 6. Local Practices



Overview

Sector guidance

Procedures

Model adoption agreements

Design & construction guidance

January – March 2019 2 x Water UK consultations March – July 2019 OFWAT Review & Feedback July 2019
UU Developer Forum
Overview of planned
Code

October 2019
UU Developer Day
Focus on developer
impact

November 2019
OFWAT
Approves Code
Sewerage sector guidance
Approved

December 2019 – March 2020
UU workshops –
Local Practice Consultation
Developer working group &
PS designer Local practice
Meeting

1st April 2020 Implementation (with 6 month Transitional Period)

Procedure and Levels of Service

Pre-planning

Design Approval Adoption Agreement Construct Sewers Maintenance Period Vesting of Sewers

Variations

Process Stage	Activity	Level of Service
	Acknowledge application and review submission for completeness	7 Days
Stage 1a: Pre-Planning Enquiry	Provide full response to application (includes 7 days from receipt)	21 Days (includes 7 days from receipt)
Stage 1b: Pre-Design Strategic Discussion/Assessment (complex sites)	Review design application send response or arrange meeting	14 Days
	If meeting required – Full response to be sent after meeting	7 Days
Stage 2: Design of New Sewerage System S104 application	Acknowledge application and provide an initial assessment response	7 Days
	Full technical assessment and formal response confirming design alterations or technical acceptance	28 Days (Includes 7 days from receipt)
	Provided technical assessment of re-submission and send response	14 Days
Stage 3: Adoption Agreement	Issue draft agreement to developer for signing	14 Days
Stage 4: Construction Period Developer notifies of construction start date	Arrange pre-start meeting with developer	14 Days
Stage 5: Maintenance Period	Review all information is acceptable and arrange pre-maintenance inspection	14 Days
Construction complete	Inspection complete send remedial list or issue provisional certificate	7 Days
Stage 6: Final Inspection and Vesting Gravity system incl. pumping station and/or components	Review provided site inform and arrange final inspection if site ready	14 Days
	Vesting of sewers to be done 7 days after final certificate has been issued	7 Days
	Acknowledge receipt of S104 variations and confirm type of variation and action	7 Days
Stage 7: Variation of New Sewerage System	Technical assessment of design confirm if variation is agreed or not	14 Days (Includes 7 days from receipt)
	If variation design agreed provide variation acceptance	7 Days

Procedure and Levels of Service

Pre-planning

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Variations



Pre-Planning Enquiry Pre S104 application

- Free pre development service
- Surface Water connection to sewer must follow the pre planning stage
- More information is required to support the most sustainable drainage solutions
- You can ask for Pre S104 application advice
- New application forms S104 & pre development enquiry
- Defined services levels for responses to pre application advice

Procedure and Levels of Service

Pre-planning

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Variations



Design approval Adoption Agreement

- SuDS adoption (CIRIA Standards)
- 1:20 manhole details only required in certain scenarios
- UU construction details for items not in the DCG.
- Can give partial design acceptance (Gravity elements)
- Resubmitted applications have 2 week Service Level
- Consistent legal agreement
- Local Practice for pumping station & Easement policy

Procedure and Levels of Service

Pre-planning

Design Approval Adoption Agreement

Construct Sewers Maintenance Period Vesting of Sewers

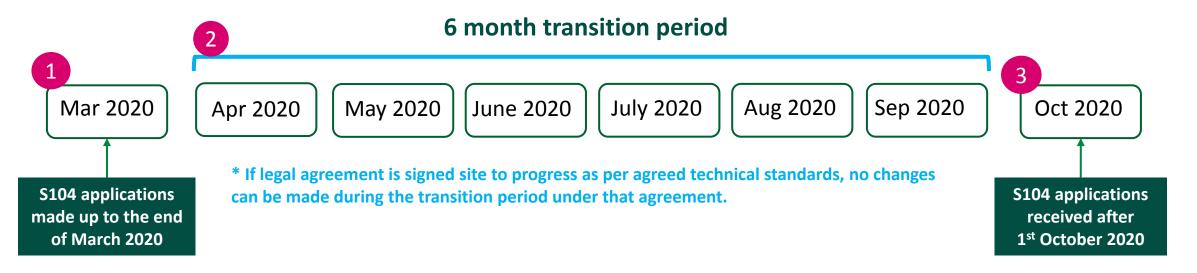
Variations



Construction Vesting variations

- Contact made for first inspection within 2 weeks
- Inspection regime to be locally agreed site specific
- Onsite variation are permitted
- New application for maintenance and final adoption
- New SLAs for applications to progress final adoption
- 6 month defect resolution period
- We will inform you when maintenance period is ending

Transition to the new sewerage adoption codes



- 1 Any applications made up to and including 31st March 2020, are to be designed to current standards
- *Applications received between 1st April 2020 and 30th September 2020, can be designed to current standards or the new DCG standards
- From the 1st October 2020, all applications need to be designed to the new DCG standards and follow the new process

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Hierarchy of surface water discharge

 \mathbf{m}

Ground (infiltration)

Waterbody

Highway drain

Surface water sewer

Combined sewer

Most sustainable

Soakaways, permeable paving, SI confirm infiltration / levels

LLFA / EA rate approval

Negotiate with land owners / Highway Authority at earliest stage in land purchase.

• Least sustainable

Infiltrating surface water to ground

What evidence are we looking for?

Scope of Works

IDG were commissioned to cond SK07 at approximate depths of 1. A plan showing the locations of tl D in Appendix A.

Based on initial results from SKC excavated to depths of 2.15m to Three soakaway tests were condu

Ground Conditions

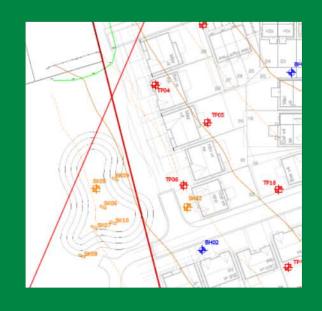
Detailed descriptions of the grou B, as summarised below.

Results

A summary of the results is presented in the following t

Summary of Soakav

Test Pit	Infiltration Zone Depth	Infiltration Rate	Co
SK06-1	0.48m - 1.15m	,	25
SK07-1	0.57m - 1.50m	21	25
SK08-1	0.90m - 2.15m	2.83 x 10 ⁻⁵ m/s	
SK08-2	0.89m - 2.15m	1.87 x 10 ⁻⁵ m/s	
SK08-3	0.77m - 2.35m	2.21 x 10 ⁻⁵ m/s	
SK09-1	1.31m - 2.50m	2.02 x 10 ⁻⁴ m/s	
SK09-2	1.28m - 2.50m	1.66 x 10 ⁻⁴ m/s	
5K09-3	1.34m - 2.50m	7.12 x 10 ⁻⁵ m/s	
SK10-1	1.13m - 2.30m	8.80 x 10 ⁻⁵ m/s	
SK10-2	1.10m - 2.35m	5.94 x 10 ⁻⁵ m/s	
SK10-3	1.05m - 2.35m	5.21 x 10 ⁻⁵ m/s	



GL (mAOD): 58.80 Method: Tracked Excavator			N Coord: 554108.7	
		wator	Logged By: BRB	
8	Level	Legend	Depth (m)	Description
	10		-	Dark brown slightly gravelly Sand is fine to medium. Grave fine to coarse.
	58.20	**************************************	0.40	Red-brown slightly cobbly g grained SAND. Gravel is roun of sandstone and quartzite. angular of tabular laminat subangular sandstone.
	57.60		_ 1.00	
	57.45	×	1.15	End Of Trial Pit At 1.15 m

Report describing work carried out & ground conditions

Summary of results for infiltration tests & each calculation as per BRE365

Plan indicating positions of tests relative to size of the development

TP & BH logs or photos of a square/rectangular pit.

If you can't infiltrate, what are the next options to explore?



Please provide us with evidence of your correspondence with any landowners with your pre-development enquiry.

The Lead Local Flood Authority (LLFA) will determine discharge rate from the site.



A highway drainage system may have an effective outfall to a water body. Discuss this with the LLFA & Highway Authority.



Surface water sewer



Whilst we can provide you with an indicative rate to discharge, the LLFA will confirm this as they will want to assess the impact on the receiving watercourse.

The least sustainable option, this should only be considered if all other options have been exhausted.

water pumping
stations which can be
more sustainable
than surface water
discharging to the
combine sewer.

SuDS – Trial Areas

Merseyside	Sefton	Graham Perry
	Knowlsey	
	Liverpool	Andy Jack
	Wirral	
	Congleton	Daniel McDermott
Cheshire East	Macclesfield	
	Crewe & Nantwich	Craig Daniels
	Vale Royal	

Trial purpose

Assess schemes put forward by development community against CIRIA C753 and DCG

Test out one engineer covering pre-dev and adoption



Trial Areas – The start of the SuDS journey

SuDS type assessed	Volume
Infiltration basin	1
Attenuation basin	6
Conveyance Swale	2
Attenuation Swale	2



One engineer – Pre development through to Adoption

- Early input to design layout
- Increased liaison with the LLFA, beneficial on large strategic sites
- Feedback so far from customers have seen an improvement in service.

SuDS & Design Construction Guidance (DCG)

- So far only a few sites have come forward for SuDS adoption, others more query based.
- Have reviewed and progressed learning on basins, ponds and swales.
- Few sites have come forward early wanting an early DCG assessment. Nevertheless learning has taken place.

SuDS adoption approach from April 2020

Our approach and principles.

- Adopt any SuDS that are proposed and comply with the CIRIA SuDS manual and Design & Construction Guidance.
- If a SuDS component is not designed fully in line with the guidance then we would have a preference that it is kept off-line.
- We must have confidence that the SuDS component will continue to function both over the short, medium and long term.
- Continue to support consultants & developers to develop proposals into adoptable designs.
- All sewers that discharge to ground via infiltration must have the whole sewerage system adopted (all or nothing).

- We will continue to consider sewers that communicate with unadopted SuDS provided they can satisfy the following principles:
 - o The proximity to other adoptable or exiting UU assets e.g. sewers or pumping stations has been fully considered (structural integrity, slope stability etc.).
 - You can evidence to us that the long term performance of the asset has been considered in that:
 - ☐ It has reasonable sediment control & fall across the structure (acts as an effective channel)
 - Provided freeboard (CIRIA) & flood routing (e.g. overflow into w/c if the component fails, where does water go?)
 - Access and egress to for maintenance has been considered and evidenced (e.g. access around sides, reasonable gradient of slopes, clear access to outfall structures)
 - We have been provided with clear construction details (e.g. sections, including lining details etc.)
 - ☐ Key maintenance dependencies, with visibility of the maintenance plans.
 - ☐ Relevant designer risk assessments.



Our learning – assessment against the CIRIA SuDS Manual

Maintenance

Access restricted either side, fencing required due to steep sides.

Accessible, vehicle parking at turning head.

Restricted access to outfall to watercourse behind.







Health and safety

Overlooked by one property, corner of site

Fencing around perimeter, gate at the back.

Located very close to a wastewater pumping station and dwelling.

- Unnatural shape
- Limited flow path length (susceptible to premature silting)
- Little or no amenity and biodiversity benefits, restricted access to watercourse beyond.
- Exceedance path electrical equipment adjacent.



Our learning – assessment against the CIRIA SuDS Manual

Maintenance

Sediment forebay with engineered base – for ease to desilt (bi-annually)

Accessible, vehicle parking at turning head and within pump station compound



Health and safety

Visible and overlooked by properties

Fencing to prevent toddler access, however gate can be opened to access the amenity

Pond withholds permanent water during storm
Permanent water depth and maximum attenuated depth both limited within CIRIA C753 design guidance for safety

Slope compliant with Minimum Design Standards

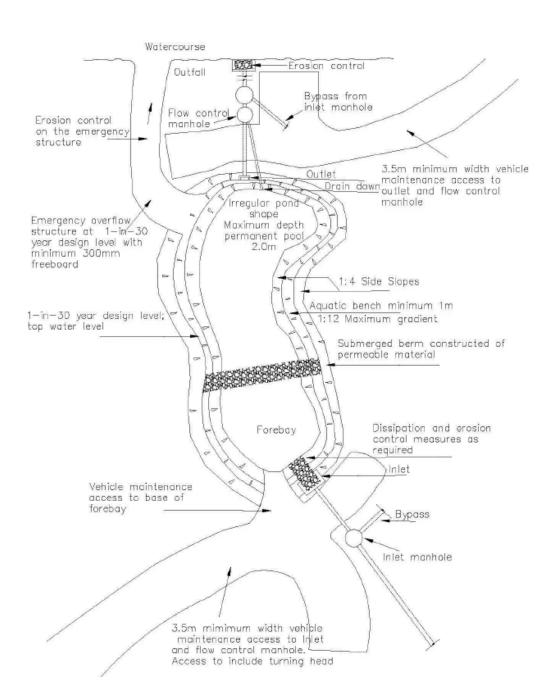
SuDS design provided connectivity to nature reserve with steps down outfall to watercourse.

This was a requirement of planning for biodiversity, as well as making the amenity accessible to homeowners

POND LAYOUT

Example SuDS layout

(Sewers for Scotland)



SuDS Transition arrangements

Early implementation

March to April

Trial for Early adoption assessment against DCG / CIRIA C753

Trial for one engineer one patch to cover pre development through to Adoption.

Transition period

April to October 2020

In this period will consider SuDS in accordance with the principals.

Non compliant SuDS components will need to be offline.

Sites at planning post 1st of April must comply with Adoption SuDS standards - all or nothing approach.

SuDS all or nothing
October 2020

Will require 'all or nothing approach'

The entire continuous system to the LLFA approved point of discharge will need to meet the adoption standards.

Sites not complying will not be able to have their surface water drainage adopted.

Thank you for joining us today